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AT the Court at *St. James's*, the 14th Day of *April*, 1759,

PRESENT,

The KING's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS His Majeſty was pleaſed, by His Order in Council of the 20th of February laſt, to direct, that the Bounties of Three Pounds for every Able Seaman, and of Thirty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, and of Thirty Shillings for every Able Bodied Landman, not above the Age of Thirty-five, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, ſhould be continued to be païd, immediately after the firſt Muſter, to ſuch Seamen and Landmen reſpectively, who ſhould, on or before the 21ſt Day of this Inſtant April, enter themſelves in the Royal Navy; and that the Rewards of Two Pounds for every Able, and Twenty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, ſhould likewiſe be continued to be paid to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, who ſhould, on or before the Day above-mentioned, diſcover any concealed Seamen, ſo that ſuch Seamen ſhould be taken for His Majeſty's Service; Which Time being now near expiring, His Majeſty doth hereby order, with the Advice of His Privy-Council, that the ſaid Bounties and Rewards be continued to be paid from the ſaid 21ſt of this Inſtant April, until the 2d Day of June next. And whereas ſince the Iſſuing the aforementioned Order of the 20th of February, His Majeſty had been given to underſtand, that there were diſperſed in various Parts of the Kingdom, great Numbers of Seamen and Seafaring Men, ſome of whom were endeavouring to conceal themſelves in order to avoid His Majeſty's Service, and that others of them might be inclined to enter as Voluntiers into the Service, and reap the Benefit of His Majeſty's aforementioned Bounties, provided that the Juſtices of the Peace, or other Magiſtrates (near to whom the ſaid Seamen reſide) were authorized and directed to receive them, and to cauſe them to be conducted to any of the Ships of War— His Majeſty was thereupon pleaſed, by His Orders in Council of the 9th of March laſt, to Require and Command all the Juſtices of the Peace, and Mayors of Cities and Towns throughout the Kingdom of England and Wales, and likewiſe the Provoſts of Edinburgh, Glaſgow, and Aberdeen, in Scotland, to cauſe ſtrict Search to be made, within their reſpective Juriſdictions, for all ſtraggling Seamen and Seafaring Men, fit for His Majeſty's Service, not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, and to take them up, and ſend them by careful Conductors to a Sea Officer employed in raiſing Men on Shore, or to the neareſt Sea Port Town, in order to their being put on Board His Majeſty's Ships of War: Which Conductors were to be paid by the ſaid Sea Officer on Shore, or the Captains of ſuch Ships to whom ſuch Seamen ſhould be delivered, Twenty Shillings for each Seaman, and Six-pence a Mile for each Man, for every Mile they might reſpectively Travel: — And the ſaid Juſtices, and other Magiſtrates, were thereby likewiſe required and commanded, to receive all ſuch Seamen and Seafaring Men, who ſhould appear before them, and offer to enter as Voluntiers, in Caſe they were of Health and Ability fit for His Majeſty's Service, and not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, and to grant to each Seaman a Certificate of ſuch his voluntary Offer, and to cauſe them to be conducted, in like Manner, and with the ſame Allowances, as above directed with reſpect to Straggling Seamen: — And the Sea Officer on Shore, or the Captains of ſuch Ships, to whom ſuch Voluntier Seamen ſhould be delivered, were directed to pay to every ſuch Seaman, after his being ſo put on Board (upon producing the Certificate aforementioned) the Bounties of Three Pounds to every able Seaman, and of Thirty Shillings to every ordinary Seaman; — And His Majeſty judging it neceſſary for His Service, that all the afore-recited Directions, contained in His Majeſty's ſaid Orders in Council, of the 9th of March laſt, ſhould be continued until the 2d Day of June next, doth hereby Order, with the Advice of His Privy Council, that the ſame be continued, and remain in full Force, until the ſaid 2d Day of June next accordingly——— Whereof all the aforeſaid Juſtices of the Peace, and other Magiſtrates, as likewiſe all other Perſons, whom it may concern, are to take Notice, and yield due Obedience hereunto.

Hen. Fane.

AT the Court at St. *James's* the 14th Day of *April*, 1759.

PRESENT,

The KING's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS the Time limited by His Majeſty's Order in Council of the 15th of September laſt, for prohibiting the exporting out of this Kingdom, or carrying Coaſtwiſe, Gunpowder, Salt Petre, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition, will expire upon the 29th Day of

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of this Inſtant April—And whereas it is judged expedient for His Majeſty's Service, and the Safety of this Kingdom, that the ſaid Prohibition ſhould be continued for ſome longer Time, —His Majeſty doth thereſore, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, hereby Order, Require, Prohibit and Command, that no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever (except the Maſter General, Lieutenant General, or principal Officers of the Ordnance for His Majeſty's Service) do, at any Time during the Space of Six Months, to commence from the ſaid 29th Day of this Inſtant April, preſume to tranſport into any Parts out of this Kingdom, or carry Coaſtwiſe, any Gunpowder, Salt Petre, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition, or ſhip, or lade, any Gunpowder, Salt Petre, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition, on Board any Ship or Veſſel, in order to tranſporting the ſame into any Parts beyond the Seas, or carrying the ſame Coaſtwiſe, without Leave or Permiſſion in that Behalf, firſt obtained from His Majeſty, or His Privy Council, upon Pain of incurring and ſuffering the reſpective Forfeitures and Penalties inflicted by an Act paſſed in the Twenty Ninth Year of His Majeſty's Reign, entituled, "An Act to impower "His Majeſty to prohibit the Exportation of "Salt Petre, and to enforce the Law for empowering His Majeſty to prohibit the Exportation of Gunpowder, or any Sort of Arms "and Ammunition; and alſo to empower His "Majeſty to reſtrain the carrying Coaſtwiſe of "Salt Petre, Gunpowder, or any Sort of Arms "or Ammunition."—And the Lords Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Treaſury, the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Lieutenant General and principal Officers of the Ordnance, and His Majeſty's Secretary at War, are to give the neceſſary Directions herein, as to them may reſpectively appertain. *Hen. Fane.*

Conſtantinople, March 17. On Wedneſday laſt the Birth of a Royal Princeſs was made known to the People; and the following Evening publick Rejoycings began on Account of this happy Event. The Illuminations, which exceed all that were ever remembered in this City, are to continue for a Week, and are to be followed by Fireworks, which are to be played off three Nights together on the Canal before the Seraglio. All poſſible Care is taken to prevent Accidents or Diſorders during theſe Rejoycings; and, for this Purpoſe, all the Taverns, which are very numerous, are to remain ſhut upon Pain of Death.

Rome, March 31. The Pope has received an Account of the Death of Cardinal de Tavannes, by which Twenty-one Hats are vacant in the College of Cardinals.

Florence, April 7. A few Days ago anchored at Leghorn, His Britannick Majeſty's Ship the Portland, Captain Arburthnot: She came from Gibraltar as Convoy to a Fleet of Merchantmen from England; and is to take up all the Homeward bound Ships. On the 4th Inſtant anchored likewiſe at Leghorn, from a Cruize, His Britannick Majeſty's Ship the Lyme.

Landſhut, in the Mountains of Sileſia, 15th of April.

On the 12th Inſtant, His Pruſſian Majeſty march'd from Bolkenkayn, and fixed the Head Quarters at Landſhut; the Troops that were behind had Orders likewiſe to advance, and are cantoned in the Villages in the Mountains along this Frontier.

This Morning an Out-guard of Huſſars was attacked by about 300 Auſtrian Cavalry. The Officer that commanded the Pruſſian Party retired to Libau, with the Loſs only of one Man made Priſoner. It is ſaid, that the Right of the Auſtrian Army is at Braunau, and the Left extends to Gabel.

Prince Henry of Pruſſia's Head Quarters at Linay in Bohemia, April 17.

The greateſt Part of the Auſtrian Troops, which were upon the Borders of Saxony, having marched towards the Frontiers of Sileſia and the Empire, his Royal Highneſs Prince Henry formed a Deſign of driving ſuch of them as ſtill remained in Bohemia beyond the Eger, and ſeizing the Magazines which the Enemy had upon the Elbe, and in their late Quarters; and accordingly the Pruſſians entered Bohemia the 15th Inſtant: One Column marched towards Peterſwalde, and another, under the Command of General Hulſen, towards Paſsberg and Commottau. The Van Guard of that which marched to Peterſwalde found the Eminence behind the Village fortified by a Redoubt, before which a conſiderable Number of felled Trees were laid, defended by 600 Croats, and ſome Hungarian Infantry: This Paſs was forced, and, upon that Occaſion, a Major and about 30 Men were made Priſoners, and 15 of the Enemy were left dead upon the Spot. The Time neceſſary for clearing a Way for the Paſſage of the Troops, facilitated the Enemy's Retreat, and gave the Alarm to their Quarters. The Van-guard divided into two Bodies, one of which marched to Auſſig, and the other to Toplitz, but the Enemy retired, on all Sides, with the utmoſt Precipitation. The Magazine at Auſſig was deſtroyed, and all the Boats on the Elbe were burnt. The Van-guard joined again on the 16th at Wellmina. All the Meal and Forage which the Enemy abandoned at Loboſchutz and Leitmeritz was ſeized, and all the Boats and the Bridge, which the Auſtrians had lately built there, were burnt. The Vanguard is to be this Day at Budin, where the Enemy has another Magazine of Proviſion.—General Hulſen, on his Part, found the Paſs of Paſsberg defended by a Body of Croats, and by the Regiments of Konigſeck and Andlau. The Cavalry, which paſſed thro' Preſnitz, attacked the Enemy in the Rear, at the ſame Time that they were attack'd by the Infantry, who drove the Auſtrians out of all their Intrenchments. General Renard, with 51 Officers and 2000 Men, were made Priſoners. Three Pair of Colours, Two Standards, and Three Pieces of Cannon, were taken. The Pruſſians loſt only 70 Men killed and wounded in the Attack of Paſsberg.

Admiralty Office, March 13, 1759.

MY Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty having received many repeated Complaints of divers outragious Acts of Piracy committed on Board great Numbers of Ships, as well Engliſh as Neutral, ſailing in the Engliſh Channel, by the Crews of Ships or Veſſels being or pretending to be Engliſh Privateers:

Their Lordſhips therefore, in order to detect and bring to Juſtice the Perſons guilty of ſuch Piracies and Robberies, (in Violation of the Laws of Nations in general, and of this Kingdom in particular, and

and to the great Diſhonour thereof) are pleaſed to promiſe a Reward of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS, unto or amongſt ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall, within Three Months from this Time, diſcover any one or more of the Offenders guilty of any ſuch Acts of Piracy as aforeſaid, ſo as ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be apprehended and duly convicted thereof.

And in regard the Committing of ſuch Offences as aforeſaid are greatly encouraged by divers Perſons as Acceſſaries thereto, who knowingly aſſiſt, maintain, councel, or adviſe the Committing of ſuch Acts of Piracy, and alſo by Perſons who receive Goods ſo piratically taken, and entertain and conceal Offenders, knowing them to have committed ſuch Robberies:

Their Lordſhips therefore, in order to detect or bring to Juſtice the Perſons guilty of ſuch laſt mentioned Offences, are pleaſed to promiſe a Reward of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS, unto or amongſt ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall, within Three Months from this Time, diſcover any one or more of the Offenders guilty of any ſuch Offences laſt mentioned, ſo as ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be apprehended and duly convicted thereof. Which ſaid reſpective Rewards before mentioned, ſhall be paid, clear of all Deductions whatſoever, by Samuel Seddon, Eſq; Solicitor of the Admiralty, immediately after the Conviction of ſuch Offenders.

And as a further Encouragement, any of the ſaid Offenders, (other than and except the reſpective Commander or Commanders of any ſuch Piratical Ships or Veſſels) who ſhall diſcover any one or more of the ſaid Offenders, ſhall, on the Conviction of ſuch Offender or Offenders ſo diſcovered, be intitled to His Majeſty's moſt Gracious Pardon.

And their Lordſhips do alſo promiſe to grant, upon Requeſt, to every Perſon, being a Seaman, (who by making any ſuch Diſcovery or Diſcoveries, as aforeſaid, ſhall be intitled to either to the Whole, or to any Part or Parts of any of the above-mentioned Rewards) an abſolute Protection, to prevent his being impreſſed into His Majeſty's Sea Service, during this preſent War with France.

J. Cleveland.

Navy Office, April 17, 1759.

The Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Navy give Notice, That on Wedneſday the 9th of next Month, at Eleven o'Clock in the Morning preciſely, they will be ready to treat with ſuch Perſons as are willing to ſupply Iron Ballaſt for His Majeſty's Service, that they may attend with their Propoſals at that Time.

Hoſpital for the Maintenance and Education of Expoſed and Deſerted Young Children.

The Annual General Meeting of the Corporation of the Governors and Guardians of this Hoſpital, appointed by His Majeſty's Royal Charter, will be held on Wedneſday the 9th of May 1759, at the ſaid Hoſpital in Lamb's Conduit Fields, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, being the Annual General Meeting of this Corporation, for electing, by Ballot, a Preſident, Six Vice Preſidents, a Treaſurer, a General Committee and a Secretary for the Year enſuing. And the ſaid Governors, in order to promote this Charity, having agreed to dine together once a Year, at their own expence, have appointed the ſame Day, at Two o'Clock, for their dining together this Year, in the ſaid Hoſpital: And the ſaid Governors, or any Gentlemen inclined to dine with them, may have Tickets of the Steward of the ſaid Hoſpital.

T. Collingwood, *Secretary.*

Note, On this Occaſion the General Committee meet on Tueſday the 8th of May, at Ten in the Morning.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majeſty's Ship Juno, who were actually on board her at the taking the Machault, a French Privateer, that they will be paid their reſpective Shares for the Hull of the ſaid Privateer, on her Arrival at Plymouth. And the Shares not then demanded, will be recalled by John Lloyd, Eſq; at His Majeſty's Yard in Plymouth, for three Years to come.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Seamen of His Majeſty's Ship the Experiment, who were on Board at taking the Telemaque, a French Privateer, that they will be paid the Bounty-Money for the ſaid Privateer, on Board His Majeſty's Ship Saphire, as ſoon as ſhe comes into Port. And ſuch Shares as are not then demanded, will be paid any Time, for three Years after, at Meſſ. Toulmin and Mohring's in Old Broad-ſtreet, London.

Britiſh Linen Office, Edinburgh, Ap. 19, 1759.

The Court of Directors of the Britiſh Linen Company give Notice, that a Quarterly General Court is to be held at their Office here the firſt Monday of June next.

Bedford Houſe, April 27, 1759.

Whereas at a Meeting held at Bedford on the 24th of March laſt, in Purſuance of a former Advertiſement, to receive the Names of ſuch Gentlemen as were willing to accept Commiſſions as Officers of the Militia of the County of Bedford, a ſufficient Number did not then offer themſelves, nor have ſince that Time offer'd themſelves to accept of Commiſſions in the ſaid Militia, as would be requiſite for the Battalion intended to be raiſed in the ſaid County; Notice is hereby given by His Majeſty's Lieutenant, that all farther Proceedings for raiſing the Militia for the ſaid County, are hereby ſuſpended until March 1760. BEDFORD.

Burghley, April 27, 1759.

Whereas by an Advertiſement dated the 14th Day of February laſt, in the London Gazette, all Perſons, qualified to ſerve as Officers in the Militia Forces of the County of Rutland, and willing to accept Commiſſions, were deſired to meet at the Falcon Inn at Uppingham, on Wedneſday the 21ſt Day of March laſt, in order to deliver in their Names (ſpecifying the Rank in which they were willing to ſerve) to His Majeſty's Lieutenant of the ſaid County, or ſuch Perſon as he ſhould appoint to receive the ſame; And whereas no Perſons qualified delivered in their Names at ſuch Meeting; and His Majeſty's Lieutenant of the ſaid County has not been able to find within One Month after the ſaid Meeting any Perſons qualified and willing to accept the Commiſſions of Field Officers and Captains; Theſe are therefore, according to the Directions of the Act of Parliament, to give Notice, that all further Proceedings in the Execution of the Proviſions of the ſaid Act, are ſuſpended until next Year. EXETER.

IPSWICH RACES, 1759.

ONE Hundred Guineas given by His Majeſty will be run for on Ipſwich New Race Ground in the County of Suffolk, on Tueſday the 17th Day of July next, by any Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, not exceeding four Years old this Graſs, the beſt of three Heats, two Miles and a Quarter over the ſaid Courſe, as ſhall be ſet out by Samuel Kent, Eſq; or whom he ſhall appoint, to a Heat; to carry nine Stone Weight: To run according to His Majeſty's Articles, and to be ſhewn and enter'd, and Certificates of their Ages, under the Hands of the Breeders, to be produced before ſuch Perſons as ſhall be appointed for that Purpoſe, at the White Horſe Tavern in Ipſwich, between the Hours of Eleven and One, the Day before Running. All Diſputes and Differences, either as to Entry or Running for the above Plate, are to be ſettled and determnied by ſuch Perſons as ſhall be appointed, according to the Orders iſſued by His Majeſty's Maſter of the Horſe for that Purpoſe.

TO be peremptorily ſold, together or ſeparately, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Edmund Sawyer, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on Friday the 11th Day of May next, between the Hours of Five and Six in the Afternoon, Ten Shares, or One Thouſand Pounds Nominal Stock in the Company for working of Mines, Minerals and Metals, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, commonly called Scotch Mine Stock: And alſo Thirty-five Shares in the Stock or Fund of the Amicable Society of London Inſurers, commonly called the Sun Fire Office. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

To